

Jurisdiction and Authority

28 U.S.C Sub-Section 1746 gives you sovereign standing to speak as the living authority in your own affairs. It strips the states presumption of power over your documents by removing the necessity of a notary, and gives you equitable jurisdictional power to operate, rebut, and administer with lawful effect. So I gave no authority to anybody in this federal banking government under forgery that unlawfully striked my officer without my permission for labor credits for self gain and corporate welfare from the bank without my consent, with are creator as my witness. So under title the sovereign state Citizen only needs a titled autograph and are creator as your witness. So as a sovereign you don't need a notary republic for any lawful documents or statements against the government. You just got to learn how to write your autograph for different jurisdictions and contracts under titled grammar.

Here's a simple fact: most so-called judgments made by BAR-operated for-profit courts are null and void. Not voidable, but VOID, as in without force or effect of any kind whatsoever.

You do not need their permission, nor does judge need to sign anything. A void judgment was never valid so it need not be "invalidated". I wrote a declaration which I signed under penalty of perjury as being "true, correct, and complete" and sent it by mail to the clerk, instructing them to file it into each respective case. They refused claiming the formatting of the document was invalid.

What are some effective ways to declare these bogus judgments void, making all actions that were done against you as a result "trespasses" aka intentional torts?

Judgments entered where court lacked either subject matter or personal jurisdiction, or that were otherwise entered in violation of due process of law, must be set aside, Jaffe and Asher v. Van Brunt, S.D.N.Y. 1994. 158 F.R.D. 278

A void judgment amounts to nothing and has no force as res judicata." Arkansas State Highway Commission v. Coffelt, 301 Ark. 112, 782 S.W.2d 45 (1990).

A void judgment cannot provide valid notice for a subsequent proceeding in circuit court. Rector v. State, 6 Ark. 187 (1845).

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A maxim needs no proof as it is self evident.

Equity has it's own jurisprudence. Come into the light with clean hands and pure soul, intent, and spirit.

Exclusive Equity destroys At Law.

WHERE THERE EXISTS A CONFLICT BETWEEN THE RULES OF LAW AND THE RULES OF EQUITY OVER THE SAME SUBJECT MATTER THE RULES OF EQUITY SHALL (Future) PREVAIL.

Plead the conflict, for Equity provides for rights, title, interest, res, baggage, visage, marks, signants, seals, property, credit, and effects. Show the conflict between At Law and Equity.

At Law = Privileges, Statute, code, ordinance, provisions, Marshall Law, Rule by force, legal fictions create statutes. Statutory, Securities.

Equity = Rights, Grace, Love, Respect, Honesty, Integrity, Dignity, Honor, Lawful Standing Before The Father. By good reason, good conscience, and Good faith. Exclusive Equity. Non-Statutory, Assets.

- 1). EQUITY SEES THAT AS DONE WHAT OUGHT TO BE DONE.
- 2). EQUITY WILL NOT SUFFER (Volunteer) A WRONG TO BE WITHOUT A REMEDY.
- 3). EQUITY DELIGHTS IN EQUALITY.
- 4). ONE WHO SEEKS EQUITY MUST DO EQUITY.

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- 5). EQUITY AIDS (Assists) THE VIGILANT, NOT THOSE WHO SLUMBER ON THEIR RIGHTS.
- 6). EQUITY IMPUTES AN INTENT TO FULFILL AN OBLIGATION.- (In Chambers/ In Camera)
- 7). EQUITY ACTS IN PERSONAM.
- 8). EQUITY ABHORS A FORFEITURE.
- 9). EQUITY DOES NOT REQUIRE AN IDLE GESTURE.
- 10). HE WHO COMES INTO EQUITY MUST (Absolute) COME WITH CLEAN HANDS.
- 11). EQUITY DELIGHTS TO DO JUSTICE AND NOT BY HALVES.
- 12). EQUITY WILL TAKE JURISDICTION TO AVOID A MULTIPLICITY OF SUITS.
- 13). EQUITY FOLLOWS THE LAW.
- 14). EQUITY WILL NOT AID A VOLUNTEER.
- 15). WHERE EQUITIES ARE EQUAL, THE LAW WILL PREVAIL.
- 16). BETWEEN EQUAL EQUITIES THE FIRST IN ORDER OF TIME SHALL PREVAIL.
- 17). EQUITY WILL NOT COMPLETE AN IMPERFECT GIFT.- (Grantee Absolute for Lawful Consideration).
- 18). EQUITY WILL NOT ALLOW STATUTE TO BE USED AS A CLOAK FOR FRAUD.
- 19). EQUITY WILL NOT ALLOW A TRUST TO FAIL FOR WANT OF A TRUSTEE.
- 20). EQUITY REGARDS THE BENEFICIARY AS THE TRUE OWNER.
- 21). (Quasi-Maxim) HE WHO OCCASIONED THE LOSS MUST BEAR THE BURDEN.

DO NOT USE THEIR CODE, ROMAN EQUITY IS ALL PRIVILEGE. WHO OWNS ROMAN LAW AND ROMAN EQUITY CESAR. (Render unto Cesar what is Cesars, Runder unto God what is God's).

Trust Indenture: Governs the Trust for it is the Law of the Trust. The intent and the purpose of the Settlor is the Law of the Trust.

The Constitution Article 1 Section 10 protects your unalienable right to create Trust, Express Trust, Foreign Grantor Trust, Living Will Trust.

Equity acts in personam.